Principal Matters EXCELLENCE THROUGH EXCHANGE

SPRING 2014 Shared decision-making The case for captioned video content Leadership skills Mentoring beginning teachers Taking student wellbeing seriously Looking beyond their own backyard Professional growth plan for lifelong learners



Principal Matters

Journal for Secondary School Leaders in Australia

Features

Shared decision-making: what principals need to know

> DAVID DeMATTHEWS discusses what principals need to know about shared decision-making.

8 The case for captioned video content

Advice on the role that captioned video content can play in helping schools meet their obligation to hearing impaired students. TIM LOHMAN

10 Leadership skills

How to deal with unfair criticism

14 The skill of mentoring beginning teachers

Mentoring is one of the most misunderstood leadership skills, explains SOOLTAN MAHBOOB.

18 Taking student wellbeing seriously

Too many of our young people are living in families where there is conflict, depression or addiction, says SUE ROFFEY.

30 Looking beyond their own backyard

TONY SCHEUMACK reports on his school's international program, Global Beacons, which challenges students to see beyond their own backyard.

34 A professional growth plan for lifelong learners

> It is important that educational leaders foster the climate of a continuous professional development, by motivating teachers to engage in meaningful professional development opportunities to better instructional practices, say LYUDMILA ZIEMKE and DAVID ROSS.

38 An ICT-rich learning experience

A.B. Paterson College is one of the first schools in Australia to invest in a new one-to-one learning platform that will enhance collaboration between students and teachers, and deliver a rich learning experience using multimedia tools, including audio and video, reports MARIE PERRY.

44 How well do you 'grow' leaders?

Teach your teachers how to be effective leaders, in the same way that you expect them to teach the students in your school: establish a positive culture, set high expectations and model the required behaviour and skills, says SHARYN LAWRENCE.

50 The 10-minute meeting: driving reflective practice

The strategic use of powerful 10-minute meetings can improve professional practice, says STEVEN W. EDWARDS.

52 England's inspection system under review

England's inspection system, managed by Ofsted, is currently under review. Head teachers are calling for an increased emphasis on school selfevaluation.

Updates

21 Australian Principals Update

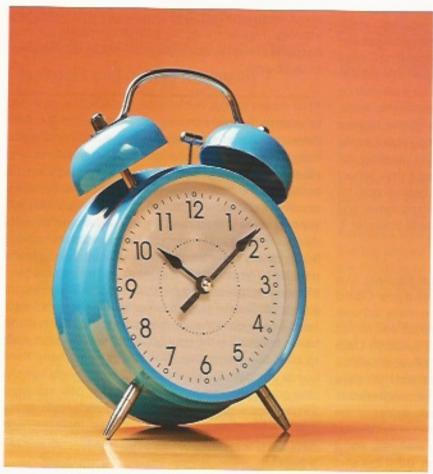
News from principals' associations across Australia

54 Global Education News

News from around the globe

PRINCIPAL MATTERS is published four times a year by VASSP. It is intended as a forum for the professional interests of the principals of secondary schools. While reasonable effort has been made to ensure the accuracy of all statements neither the Editorial Board, the Executive Editor, Debra Crouch, nor the VASSP accept responsibility for any loss or damages caused by statements or opinions expressed by contributors or advertisers. Copyright VASSP 2014. This publication is copyright. Apart from any fair dealing for the purpose of private study, research, criticism or review no part may be reproduced by any process without the prior permission of the publishers. Individual authors retain copyright on their articles and their permission must be sought in writing before republishing.

The 10-minute meeting: driving reflective practice



The strategic use of powerful 10-minute meetings can improve professional practice, says STEVEN W. EDWARDS.

Time is what we want most, but what, alas! We use worst.' - William Penn

AS educators, we have all felt that we do not have enough time between meetings, classroom observation, addressing student, staff and parent needs, and the pressure of high-stakes testing to accomplish everything we want to, at the level of quality that we want to? My goal is to help you discover the power of the 10-minute meeting.

Due to the multiple demands on them, school leaders and teachers often fall prey to only examining assessment data at the macro level. This is not a criticism of them but rather a reality of the demands of their position. As important as the school-wide and classroom summative assessment data are, information that can be gleaned from teacher-generated assessments is just as critical. These assessments for learning can provide immediate

feedback to teachers allowing for real-time modifications to teacher practice.

Due to the multiple demands on them, school leaders and teachers often fall prey to only examining assessment data at the macro level.

One way to accomplish this is by examining teacher-generated assessments and talking with teachers about the intent, design, and intended outcomes of the assessments (for the purpose of this article, teacher generated assessments is defined as any test, quiz, project, homework assignment, or learning activity that the teacher uses to evaluate student progress).

Time is always a realistic concern for both school leaders and teachers, so how can you efficiently create a productive dialogue around these assessments and still have a great impact on practice?

One viable solution is the 10-minute meeting. With the 10-minute meeting, the principal and a teacher meet one-on-one to examine assessments for the sole purpose of improving practice. Assessments can be ones that teachers have generated or those that have been secured from other sources). If done well, this can be accomplished in 10 minutes.

Once a day

A 10-minute meeting ideally happens once a day between a principal and individual teachers. Here, decisions become data-driven and, at a personal, micro-level. As noted earlier, data at this micro-level provides real-time information relevant to each and every class and therefore provides the opportunity for re-teaching and differentiation in instruction.

These meetings also provide the school leader with an opportunity to evaluate teacher-created assessments. Through the inquiry process, the principal encourages the teacher to reflect on how the assessment is linked to specific standards and skills, and address higher-order thinking by determining the DOK (Depth of Knowledge) levels or level of complexity of the assessment.

During the meeting, the teacher provides a sample of an assessment that he or she has created. The teacher will also bring three samples of student work (a sample from a student who performed very well on the assessment, a sample from a student how had some gaps and a sample from a student who struggled with the activity). The principal might make the following inquiries:

 Explain to me the purpose of this assessment, activity, project, or homework assignment?

How does it link to our overall curriculum, and standards?

What was the intended learning outcome for the student, what are you actually assessing, and did this assessment accomplish that?

2. Looking at the student product, first examine the sample from the student who was a high performer. What made them a high performer?

What were they able to demonstrate to you (be specific)?

3. Looking at the medium performer, what would have made them a high performer?

Did they understand the concepts but made simple mistakes?

4. Looking at the low performer, what skills are missing?

What are your plans for intervention, re-teaching for this student?

The 10-minute meeting should not be an inquisition of the teacher. Rather, it centres on using the inquiry process to drive reflective practice. Both the principal and the teacher collaboratively focus on developing high quality assessments for learning that are linked to specific standards and skills along with ensuring that assessments engage students in higher-order thinking tasks. 'Conducting 10-minute meetings with my teachers allows me the opportunity to be very aware of what instructional skills /curriculum my teachers are working on in their classrooms', reports Lori Howington, Principal at Fall River Elementary School in Big Sandy, West Virginia. 'Together, we can analyse student work and identify areas of need for students who are struggling.'

Once the 10-minute meeting has been mastered between the principal and individual teachers, the next step is to use the same process from teacher to teacher, as well as at grade level or content meetings and vertical team meetings. When this happens, teachers have an opportunity to learn from their peers and can collectively improve both individual and collective practice. The quality of the assessment has a direct impact on the quality of instruction, re-teaching, and student learning (Drago-Severson, 2012) (Glanz, 2005).

The micro-data obtained from these meetings is immediately reflected in practice as it allows teachers to make direct modifications to their teaching methods to benefit their students. In turn, the instruction can be differentiated to meet individual student needs.

In addition, it keeps the principal in tune with the expectations that teachers have for their students and the quality of the product that students are producing. This helps to ensure that both the teacher and students do not leave class without having the opportunity for maximum learning and achievement.

Incorporating the 10-minute meeting can be an effective way to inform school leaders, teachers, and students and provide valuable information in order to achieve specific learning outcomes. This process has been implemented in many schools and found to be a valuable and efficient means of increasing student achievement - and that's something we should certainly all make time for.

ABOUT THE AUTHOR

Dr Steven W. Edwards is President and CEO of Edwards Educational Services, in the USA. He can be contacted by email at: steve@edwardsedservices.com.